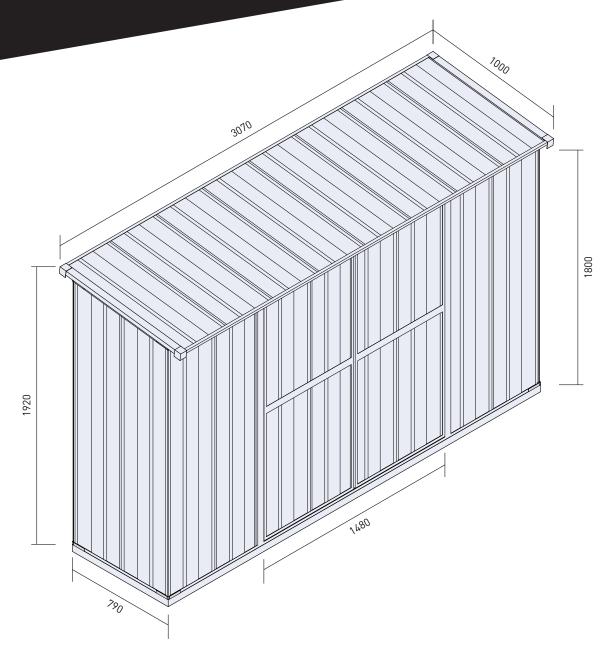
GARDEN SHED Manual GS503-V1

Shed Size at Roof: Shed Size at Floor: Door Size: Internal Shed Size at Floor: 3070x1000x1920mm 3070x790x1900mm 1750x1480mm 3030x750mm



Before you begin

- Check local building codes regarding shed location and any other local requirements.
- Check the packing list on page 4 to make sure you have all of the necessary parts.
- Separate everything in the cartons by the part number while reviewing the parts list.
- Be sure the day you select to build your shed is dry and calm.
- Whenever possible, two or more people should work together to assemble the shed. We suggest that one person positions parts while the other handles the fasteners and tools.

Selecting & Preparing Your Site

Before assembly, decide on a location for your shed. We recommend a level area with good drainage. Allow enough space around the building so there's plenty of room to screw the panels and move the different parts into position. Remember to leave plenty of room for the door to fully open.

You Will Need...

- An electric drill/driver
- A Phillips screwdriver
- Gardening or work gloves
- Sealant or caulking gum (optional)
- Step ladder
- Tape measure

Safety First

Safety precautions are important to follow throughout the construction of your building.

- Take care when handling the various pieces of your building since some contain sharp edges. Please wear work gloves, eye protection and long sleeves when assembling or performing any maintenance.
- Keep children and pets away from your worksite to avoid distractions and any accidents.
- Never concentrate all your weight on the roof of the structure. When using a step ladder make sure it's fully open and on a level surface.
- To avoid any damage, do not attempt to assemble the building on a windy day. The larger panels can act as sails making construction difficult and unsafe.

Flooring & Foundations

A solid shed starts with a level floor and foundation. This is the single most important factor in making your shed as watertight and stable as possible. It also makes the assembly process as simple as possible. We recommend the following foundation options:

Option 1 - Wooden Floor

We sell wooden floor kits designed to match your shed. Alternatively you can build your own using H4 treated bearers and timber floorboards.

Option 2 - Concrete Slab

For a more permanent solution, or for large sheds, we recommend a 100mm thick concrete foundation, ideally with a 25mm rebate for walls and corner anchors.

Regardless of which flooring option you choose:

- Build on a compacted and levelled base layer.
- Plastic sheeting placed under the wood or concrete will prevent moisture wicking through.
- We recommend the foundation is the same size as the footprint of your shed to prevent water ingress.

Assembly Overview

Step 1: Check all parts against the parts list

Step 2: Assemble the rear wall

Step 3: Assemble the side walls

Step 4: Assemble the front wall

Step 5: Assemble the roof

Step 6: Assemble the doors

Step 7: Constructing the walls

Step 8: Installing the Bracing

Step 9: Constructing the roof

Step 10: Installing the door

Step 11: Fixing to the floor

Step 12: Finishing touches

ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS

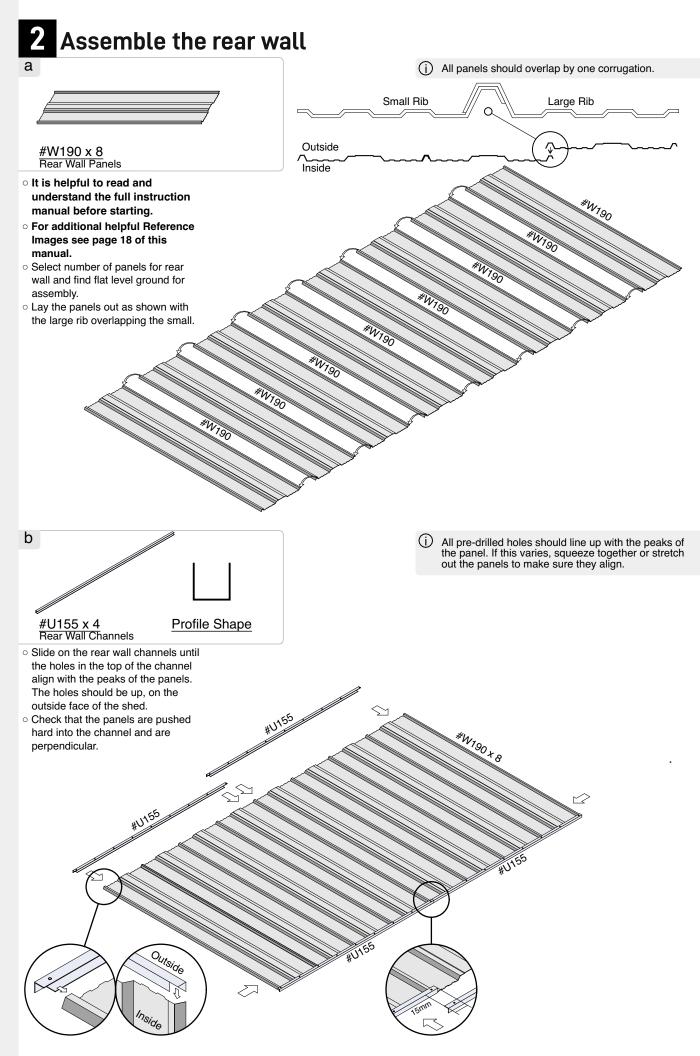
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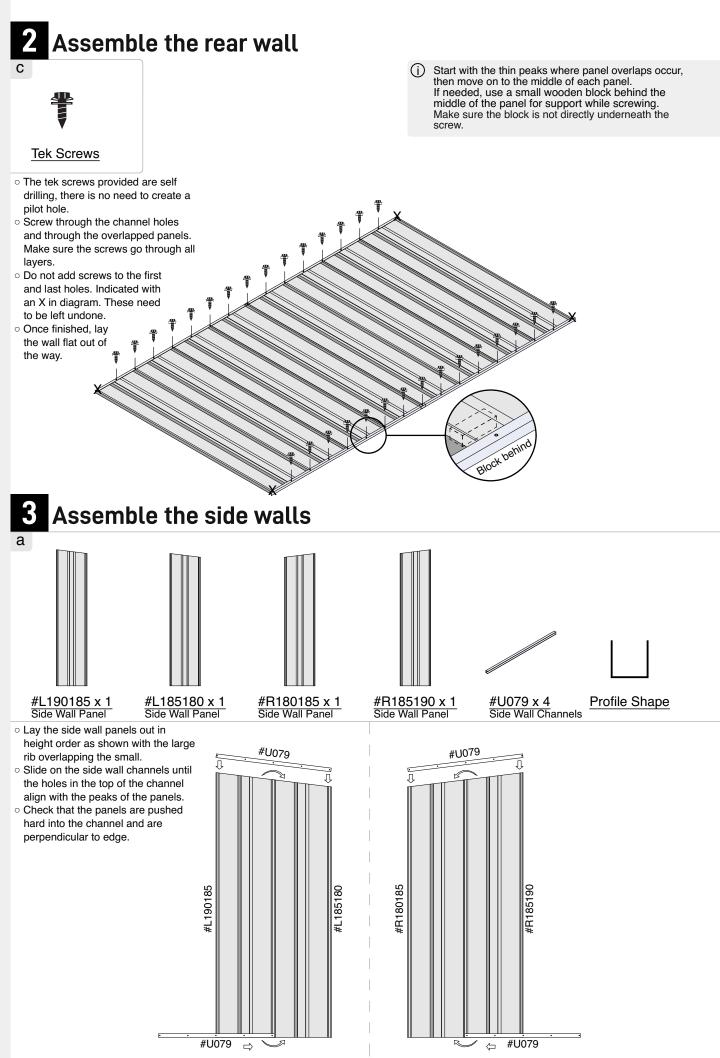
1 Check all parts against the parts list PARTS LIST

Please check your contents prior to starting assembly

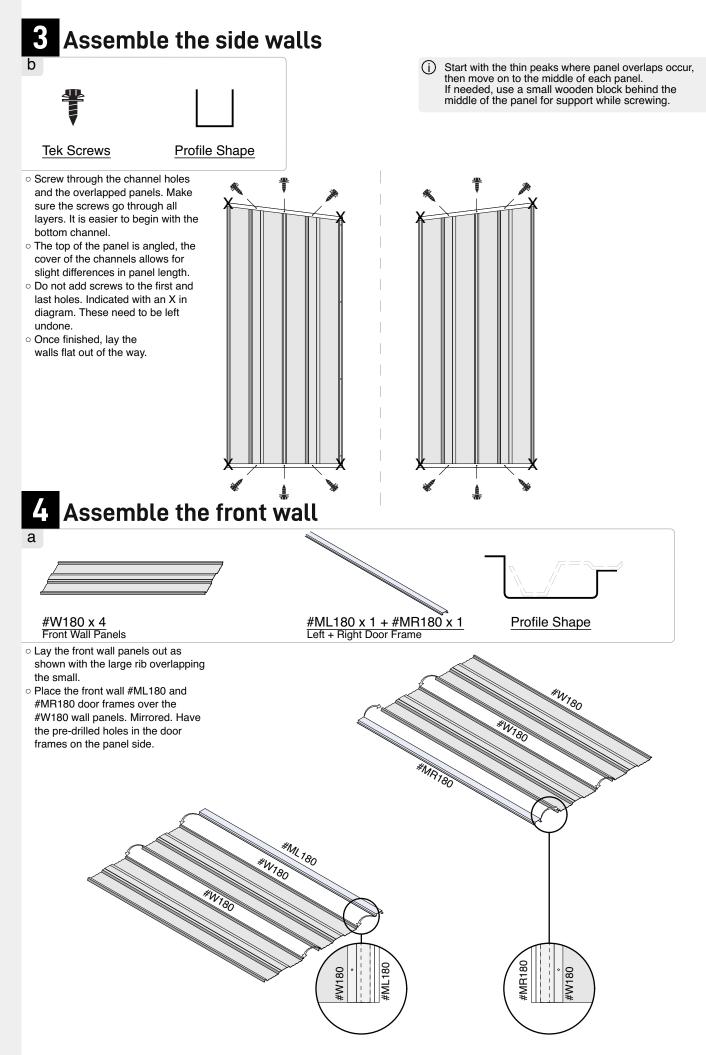
ITEM	NAME	SIZE (mm)	QTY	PART #
$ \begin{array}{r} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \\ 7 \\ 8 \\ 9 \\ 10 \\ 11 \\ 12 \\ 13 \\ 14 \\ 15 \\ 16 \\ 17 \\ 18 \\ 19 \\ 20 \\ 21 \\ 22 \\ 23 \\ 24 \\ 25 \\ 26 \\ 27 \\ 28 \\ 29 \\ \end{array} $	Front Wall Rear Wall Roof Panel Side Wall Side Wall Side Wall Side Wall Rear Wall Channel Side Wall Channel Side Wall Channel Roof Channel Roof Channel FrontWall Channel ErontWall Channel Left Door Frame Door Channel FrontWall Channel Left Door Frame Door Frame Door Bottom Frame Wall Bracing Corner Anchor Hook Anchor Tek Screws Wood Anchor Screws Rivet Corner Cover Spacer Rivet Gun Tek Screwdriver Bit Ø4.0mm Drill Bit Screw Head Sheath Phillips Head Screws	410 x 1800 410 x 1900 410 x 1000 410 x 1850 - 1800 410 x 1900 - 1850 410 x 1800 - 1850 410 x 1850 - 1900 1550 790 1550 1800 1480 1480 1480 1300	1 1	W180 W190 P100 L185180 L190185 R180185 R180185 R185190 U155 U079 U155 G100 U155 ML180 MR180 Z148 U148 Z130
DOOR PA	ART NAME	SIZE (mm)	QTY	PART #
30	Door Panel	410 x 1750	2	E175 x 410
31	Door Panel	350 x 1750	2	E175 x 350
32	Door Channel	740	4	U074
33	Door Channel	1750	4	U175
34 25	Door Square tube	1750	2	D173
35 36	Door Bar Door Brace	740 1110	2 4	H074 Z111
30 37	Bolt (door outside)	TTTO	4 1	Bolt (door outsid
38	Bolt (door inside)		1	Bolt (door inside)
39	Hinge		4	Hinge

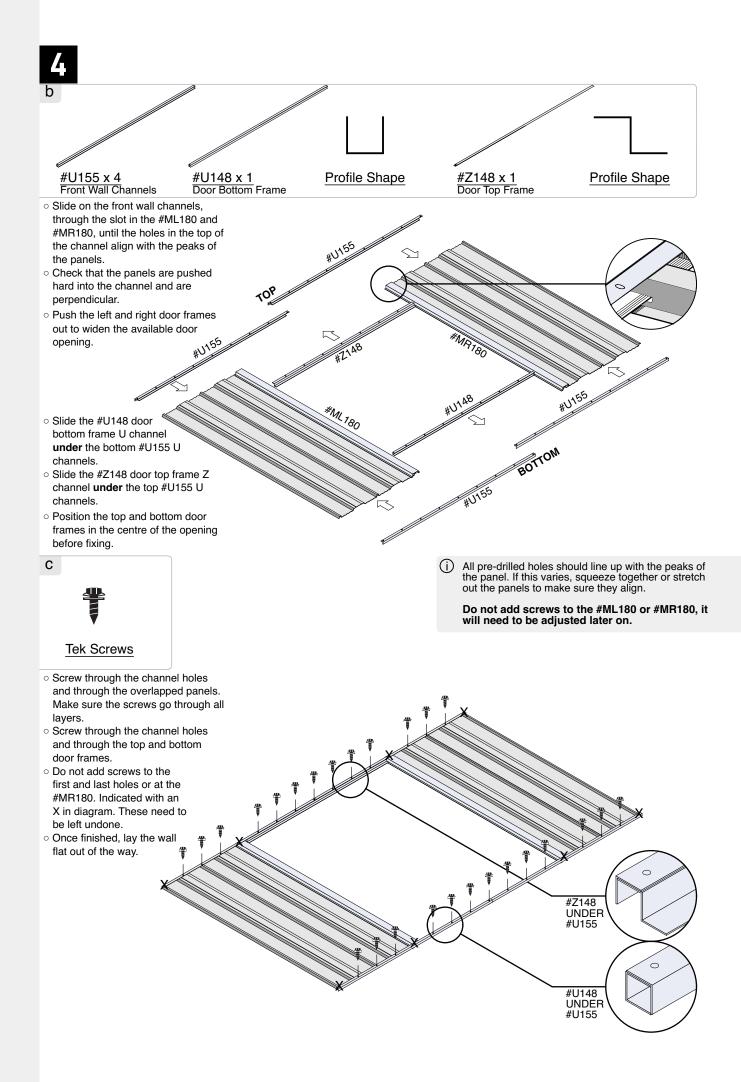
 \mathbb{T} If you're missing anything, just head to www.tradetested.co.nz and get in touch.

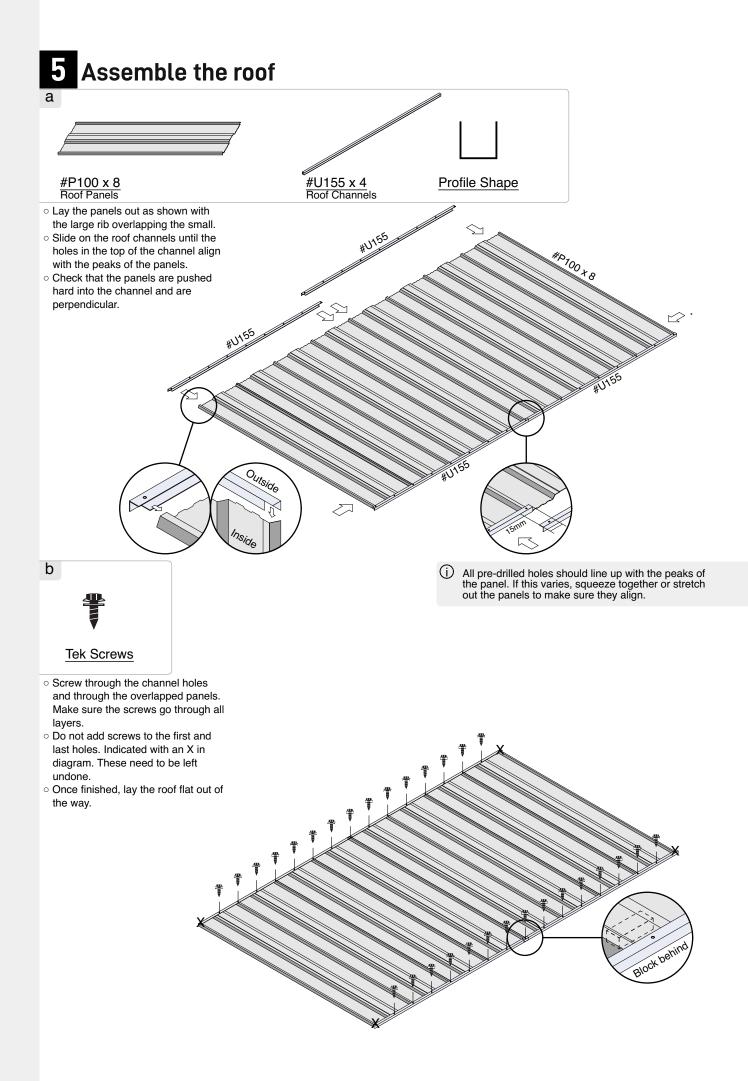


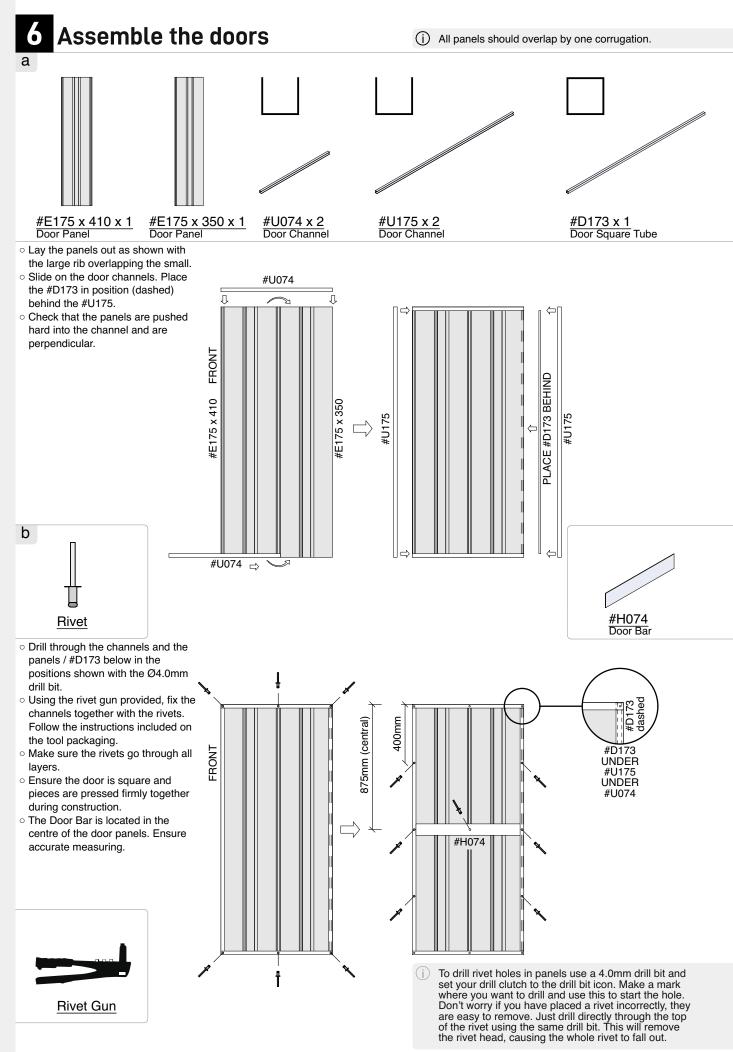


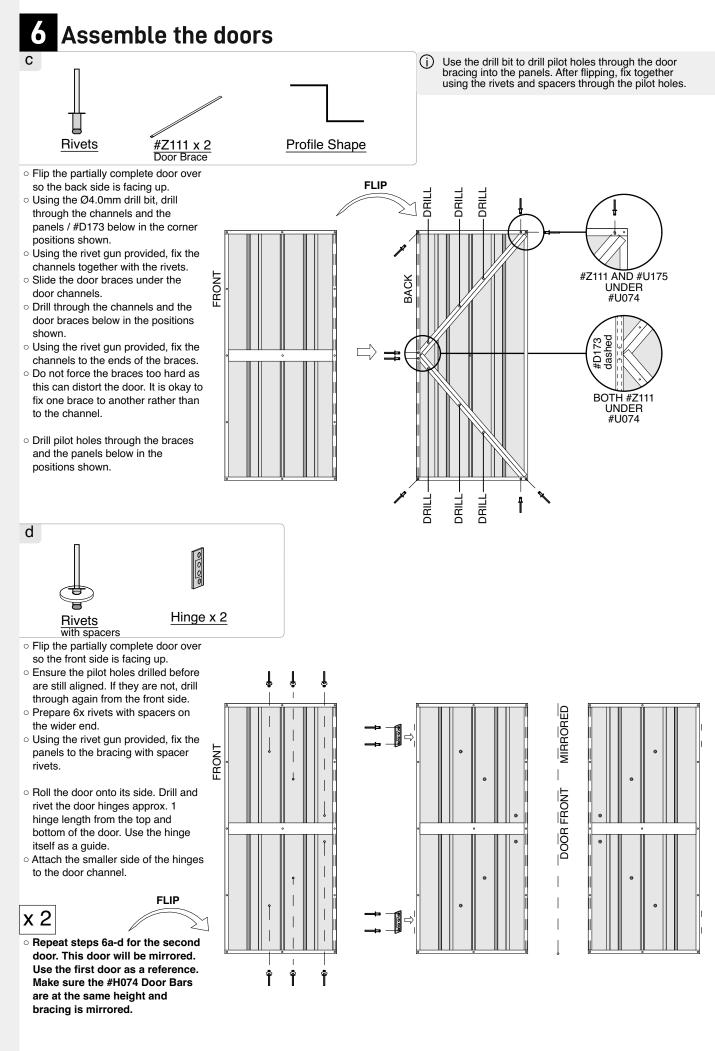
Trade Tested - GS503-V1 3.07x0.79 GARDEN SHED

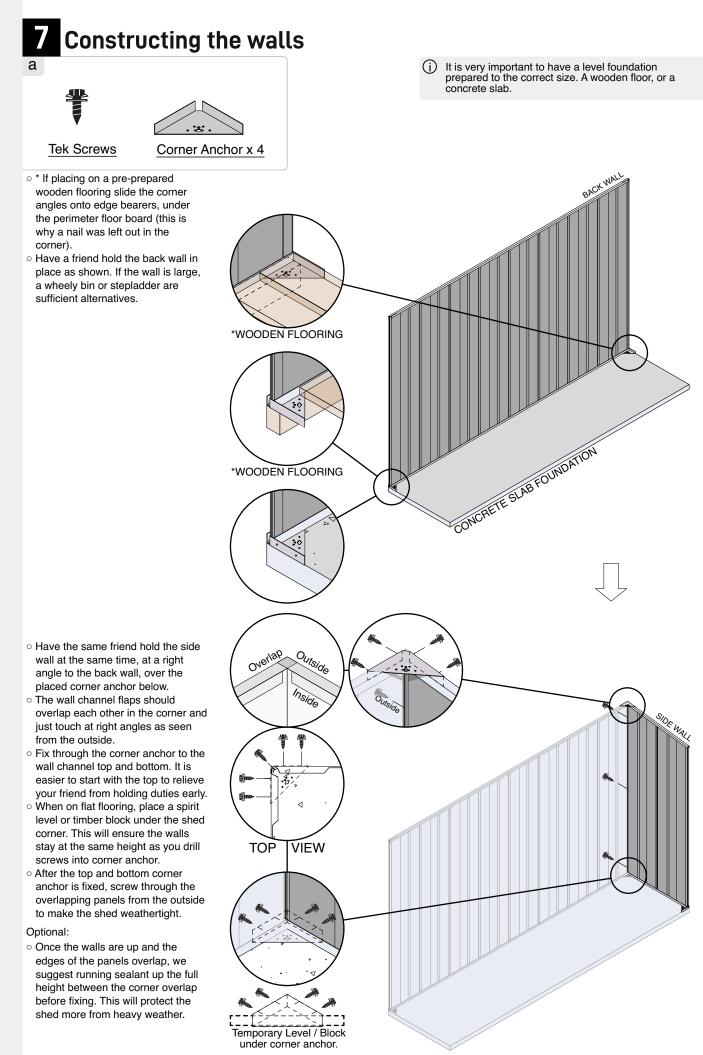


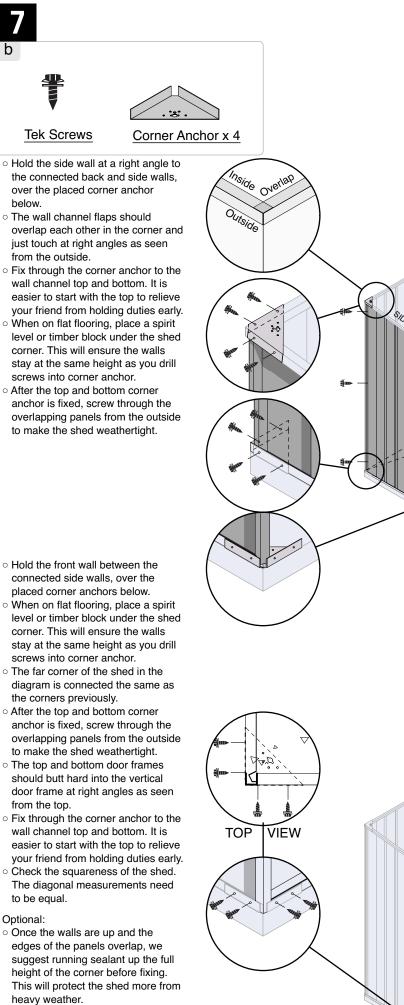


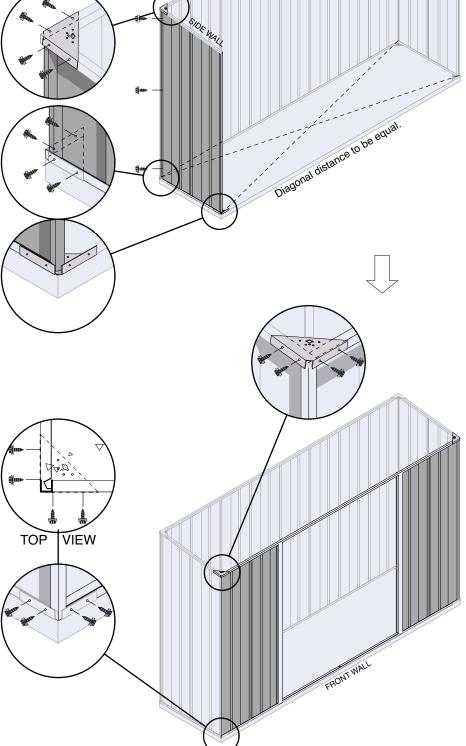


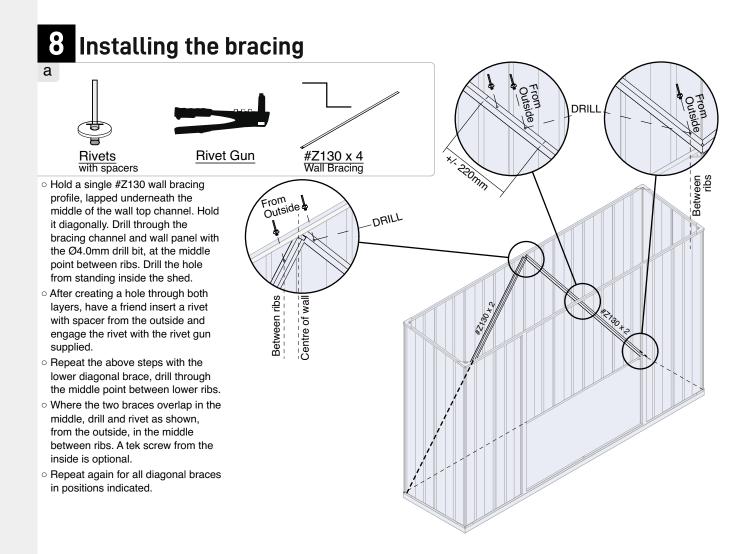


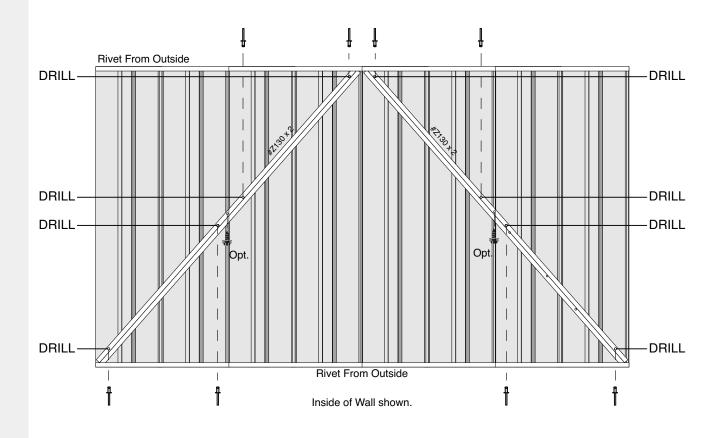
















Tek Screws with Spacers

- Check the squareness of the shed. The diagonal measurements need to be equal.
- Place the prepared roof panel loosely on top of the now assembled walls and align the edges with the side walls.
- Maintain an equal overhang to the front and the back walls. This is usually close to 100mm.
- Prepare tek screws with spacers on the ends. This helps with shed weather tightness.
- The edge of the roof needs to be parallel with the edge of the wall. Do this by transferring the same offset from below the overhang to on top with a measuring tape, just add 10mm to find the centre of the top of the wall channel. It is recommended to start in the corners and screw the base of every second corrugation.
- Twist the shed where required to maintain the roof alignment with the side walls and keep the shed square.

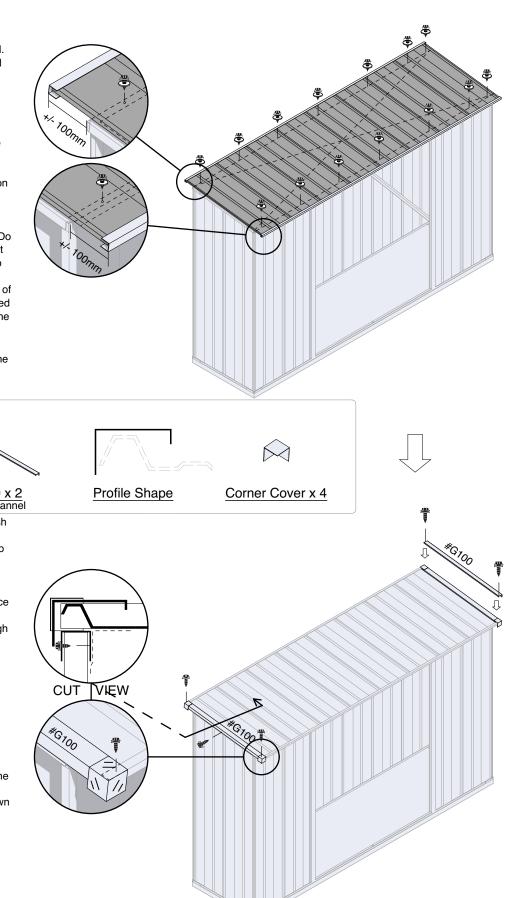


#G100 x 2 Roof Channel

- Once the roof is fully secured, push the #G100 Roof Channel over the edge of the panels and into the top wall channels front and back.
- Cover the corner of the roof, over the roof channels, with the plastic corner covers. Screw these in place with a single self drilling tek screw each. This screw should go through the both channels.
- There should not be any need to climb on the roof.

Optional:

- You may also screw through the centre of the side roof channel, through to the top of the side wall channel.
- Use tape to cover over the insides of the shed, all around, between the top of the wall channels and the underside of the roof panels. Shown dashed in the cut view.



10 Installing the doors



Phillips Head Screw

Bolt (Outside)

Bolt (Inside)

- Have your shed building buddy hold one of the two assembled doors open with the hinges aligned with the right door frame #MR180. The top and bottom of the door should fit easily within the frame of the front wall.
- Centralise the door vertically and screw through one of each of the hinges holes, through to the #MR180 only, using the phillips head screws provided. The screws are self drilling and do not require a pilot hole.
- With one screw in each hinge and the right door frame free to move side to side check that the door can close easily and is at the correct height.
- If the door is hanging at the correct height you are free to screw the remaining screws into the hinges.
- Repeat the above steps with the left door onto the #ML180.

Optional

- \circ If you would like a more permanently hung door the screws can be replaced with rivets. This does limit future adjustments.
- The door frames should not have had any screws fixing them in place and the doors should be able to be adjusted by moving the frame until the doors sit happily together in the door frame.
- Once you are satisfied with the door positions, add screws to secure the door frames to the top and bottom front wall channels.

#MR180

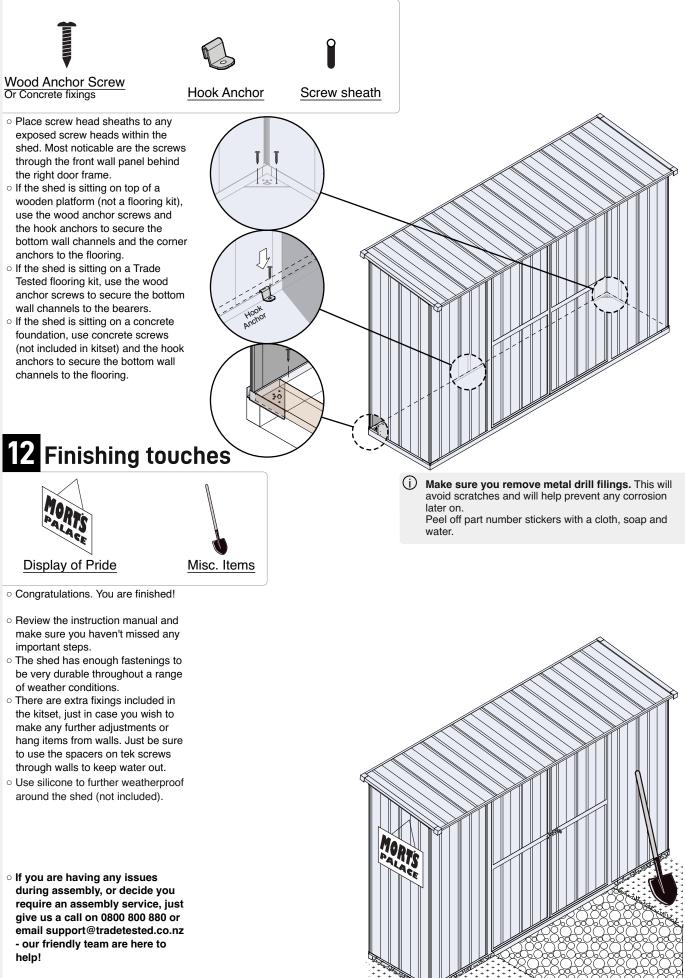
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- The doors should be able to swing open and closed without hitting the frame or each other but also be close enough to allow for bolt install.
- Screw through the door frames and through the front wall panel to secure the frame vertically.
- · Use screws to attach the inside door bolt to the top of the door that you decide should stay 'closed'. Too tight will affect performance. Pilot holes may be required.
- Use phillips head screws to first secure the bolt to the 'open' door bar, #H074, and then to secure the bolt keeper to the 'closed' door. Pilot holes may be required here as any scratches made will be visible.

Door bolt (Inside).

Fixing to the floor



Reference images



Corner Anchor Interior - Top



Door Frame - Top



Door Bracing - Top



Corner Anchor Exterior - Bottom



Door Hinge



Door Bracing - Centre



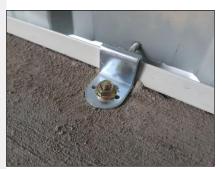
Corner Cap



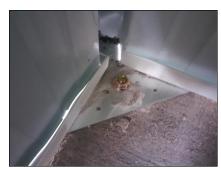
Pad Bolt



Door Bar



Hook Anchor Corne Trade Tested - GS503-V1 3.07x0.79 GARDEN SHED



Corner Anchor Interior - Bottom



Door Bracing - Bottom

Care & Maintenance

FINISH

For a long lasting finish, periodically clean and wax the exterior of your unit. Touch up scratches as soon as you notice them.

Remember to make sure you remove any metal drill filings after construction to help prevent any corrosion and scratches.

ROOF

Keep the roof clear of leaves and snow with a long handled, soft-bristled broom. Heavy amounts of snow on the roof can damage the structure, making it unsafe to enter.

DOORS

Keep doors closed and locked to prevent wind damage.

FASTENERS

Use all washers supplied to protect the shed panels against weather. Regularly check your building for loose screws or bolts and retighten them as neccessary.

OTHER TIPS

- Do not store swimming pool chemicals in your building as they can cause corrosion.
- Use silicone caulking to further watertight seals throughout the building.
- Peel off part number stickers with a cloth, soap and water.
- Use silicone to further weatherproof seals around the shed (not included).

CONGRATS ON YOUR NEW SHED!

Stoked with your shed? Take a photo and leave us a review or tag us @tradetested on social media, we'd love to see it!

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